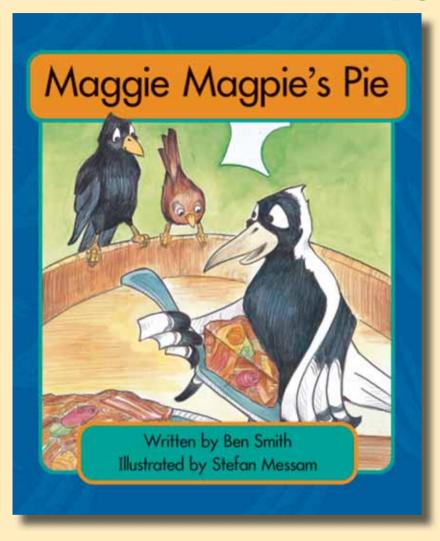


Level 13 Book a



	Level	13	
	Word Count	288	
	Text Type	Narrative	
	High Frequency		
Wo	ord/s Introduced	could, find	



We have designed these lesson plans so that, if you wish, you can have the plan in front of you as you teach, rather than a copy of the book. Each page of the book is illustrated in the plans together with some suggestions for teaching. These have been divided into questions and discussions that you may have before the children read the book and after the children have completed the reading. This is not an arbitrary division. Some of you may prefer to explore the meaning and the language in more detail before the children read. Your decisions will depend on the gap between the children's current knowledge and the content, vocabulary and language of the book they are about to read. Remember that the more information the children have up front, the easier it will be for them to read the text. However, this does not mean that you should read the text to them first.

We have addressed four areas that we think are important in developing good readers. As well as comprehension and decoding, we have addressed the issue of children being able to analyse and use the texts they read. The symbols below guide you to the type of question or discussion.



This symbol relates to comprehension (meaning maker)



This symbol relates to decoding (code breaker)



This symbol relates to critical analysis (text critic or analyser)

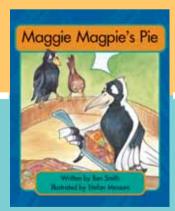


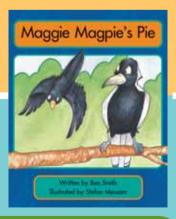
This symbol relates to use (text user)

Cover & Title Page



Read the title to the children. Ask them which bird is Maggie. Tell them the other bird is a blackbird and ask them what they think his name is. After they have answered, write both names on the board. Ask them what is similar about the two names.







Write the words *Maggie* and *Magpie* on the board. Ask the children what parts of the two words are the same and what parts are different. Explain that even though *Maggie* and *Magpie* end with the same letters, they sound different. Have the students say the two words one after the other to see the difference.

Fur

Maggie Magpies Pie

Wendy Wormand Adventure

Treasure Hunt

2/3



Remind the children to think about the title. Ask them what Maggie might be saying to Bertie. How might she be feeling? Ask the children to look at the word *Magpie*. Ask them if they can find the word *pie* in *Magpie*.

"I'm hungry," said Maggie Maggie one day. "What can I eat?"

"You could go and find some bugs to eat," said Bertie Blackbird.

"No," said Maggie Magpie.
"Not bugs. It takes too many bugs to make a meal."



Ask the children to find two words that start with *m* and two that start with *b*.

Ask the children to discuss the information on this page. Tell them that the character Maggie has a problem. Ask them what that problem is.

4/5



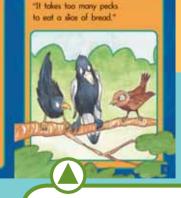
Return to the names on the board. Point out to the children that they both end with the same letters. Tell them the new bird's name also ends with *ie*. What do they think the new bird's name might be? Ask the children what food birds eat. What might Bertie and Sandie be saying to Maggie?

"You could go and find some worms to eat." said Sandie Sparrow

"Not worms," soid Moggie Moggie "Too many worms will make me sick."

"You could go and find some bread to eat," said Bertie Blackbird.

"No, not bread," said Maggie Maggie.



How do Bertie Blackbird and Sandie Sparrow try to help Maggie Magpie? Why does Maggie Magpie turn their ideas down?

Ask the children how birds eat. Write the word *peck* on the board and ask them to find it in the text. Ask the children which word means *to search for.*

6/7

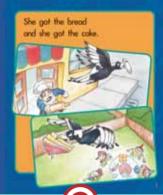


Invite the children to discuss these pictures. What is Maggie doing? What does she have in her beak? What will she do with these things?

"You could go and find a slice of cake to eat," said Sandle Sparrow.

"Yes, a sice of cake," said Maggie Maggie. "I could get a sice of cake and a sice of bread and make a pie."

So Maggie Magpie went to find a slice of cake and a slice of bread to make her pie.



Ask the children what piece of food Sandie Sparrow suggests that gives Maggie Magpie an idea. What is Maggie Magpie's idea? What else does she need?

Explain to the children that Maggie Magpie's idea is the solution to her problem. What is her solution? How will she fix her problem?

8/9



Continue the discussion. Ask the children what else Maggie has found to go in her pie. What is she saying to Sandie Sparrow and Bertie Blackbird?

Then she got some bacon and she got some cheese.

"Come and look," she said to Sandie Sparrow and Berlie Blackbird. "These things will make a good pie."



Explain to the children that in many stories there is a main character. The main character does most of the things in the story. Ask the children who the main character in this story is. How can they tell? What does that character do that the others do not?

Ask the children to find the word *good* on the board. Invite the children to build a word family from *good*. When it is finished, read the list together.

Alligators to Zebras

Maggie Magpies Pie

Wendy Worms
Adventure

Treasure Hunt

Fur

The Clowns with Frowns Parade

5

10/11



Invite the children to discuss who is making the pie. Who is doing all the work? What has Maggie found to go in her pie in this picture?



Identify the question on page 10 with the children. Ask if the question has an answer.



Invite the children to discuss who asks if there will be bugs in the pie, and who actually goes to get the bugs.

12/13



Ask the children how many worms are going into the pie. Why is Maggie putting only one worm into the pie? Who do they think suggested the worm?

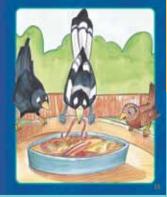


Ask the children who is asking a question. Who gives the answer?

"Are you going to put some warms in your pie?" said Sandle Sparrow.

"Yes." said Maggie Magpie.
"One warm. Too many warms will make me sick."

So Maggie got a warm and put it in the pie.





Ask the children why Maggie put only one worm into the pie. Did the reason match the reason they predicted before reading?

14/15



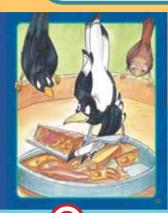
Ask the children what they think Bertie Blackbird and Sandie Sparrow are asking Maggie for, after all her hard work.



Discuss with the children whether this story could be true or not. What in the text makes them think it is fiction rather than fact?

"Can we have a slice of your pie?" said Berlie Blackbird and Sandie Sparrow

"Yes," soid Maggie Maggie.
"One sice. Too many sices of my pie will make you sick."



How many slices of her pie will Maggie give to Bertie Blackbird and Sandie Sparrow? Why does she say that? What else can there only be one of for the same reason? Ask the children if they think that Bertie Blackbird and Sandie Sparrow should get some of the pie. Why or why not? How much do you think they should get?

16



How is the story ending? Who has got the largest piece of pie? Why has Maggie got the biggest piece of pie? Who got the worm?



Have the children read the book independently. Ask them to suggest what they will do when they come to unknown words. Make suggestions where necessary.



0

Is it fair that Maggie got the largest piece of pie? Why do you think that?



Discuss with the children if this story reminds them of another story. Compare the ending with *The Little Red Hen*.

13 a Maggie Magpie's Pie Name				
I. List each of the things that went into Maggie's pie beneath one of the boxes.				
2. In each box, draw a picture of that thing.				

13 a Maggie Magpie's Pie Name

Place the following events into the order that they occurred in the story.

I. "Can we have a slice of your pie?"



2. She went and got some bugs for her pie.



3. So Maggie and Bertie and Sandie ate Maggie Magpie's pie.



4. "I'm hungry," said Maggie Magpie.



5. Maggie went to find a slice of bread and a slice of cake.

